This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.



# Standard Specification for Installation of Interior Lathing and Furring<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C841; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

### 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers the minimum requirements for, and the methods of application of, interior lathing and furring to receive gypsum plaster applied in accordance with Specification C842. Other materials are not prohibited from being used provided that their physical characteristics and durability under conditions of usage are at least equal in performance to those described.

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.3 Details of construction for a specific assembly to achieve the required fire resistance shall be obtained from reports of fire-resistance tests, engineering evaluations, or listings from recognized fire testing laboratories.

1.4 Where a specific degree of sound control is required for plastered assemblies and constructions, details of construction shall be obtained from reports of acoustical tests of assemblies that have met the required or specified acoustical performance.

1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

1.6 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>
- A641/A641M Specification for Zinc–Coated (Galvanized) Carbon Steel Wire
- C11 Terminology Relating to Gypsum and Related Building Materials and Systems
- C514 Specification for Nails for the Application of Gypsum Board
- C754 Specification for Installation of Steel Framing Members to Receive Screw-Attached Gypsum Panel Products
- C842 Specification for Application of Interior Gypsum Plaster
- C847 Specification for Metal Lath
- C933 Specification for Welded Wire Lath
- C954 Specification for Steel Drill Screws for the Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Steel Studs from 0.033 in. (0.84 mm) to 0.112 in. (2.84 mm) in Thickness
- C1002 Specification for Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Steel Studs
- C1007 Specification for Installation of Load Bearing (Transverse and Axial) Steel Studs and Related Accessories
- C1032 Specification for Woven Wire Plaster Base
- C1396 Specification for Gypsum Board
- D1784 Classification System and Basis for Specification for Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Compounds and Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds
- D3678 Specification for Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Interior-Profile Extrusions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C11 on Gypsum and Related Building Materials and Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C11.03 on Specifications for the Application of Gypsum and Other Products in Assemblies.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

E492 Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Impact Sound Transmission Through Floor-Ceiling Assemblies Using the Tapping Machine

2.2 National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers Standard

HMMA 840 Installation and Storage of Hollow Metal Doors and Frames<sup>3</sup>

# 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For definitions relating to ceilings and walls see Terminology C11.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *base coat, n*—the sum of the scratch and brown coats or the total coats in place prior to application of finish coats.

3.2.2 *contact ceiling,* n—a ceiling in which the lath is attached in direct contact with the construction above, without the use of main runners or cross furring.

3.2.3 *furred ceiling*, *n*—a ceiling in which the furring used for the support of the lath is attached directly to the structural members of the building.

3.2.4 suspended ceiling, n—a ceiling in which the main runners and cross furring are suspended below the structural members of the building.

3.2.5 *main runners, n*—the members that are attached to or suspended from the construction above for the support of cross furring.

3.2.6 *cross furring*, *n*—furring members that are attached at right angles to the underside of the main runners or construction above for support of the lath.

3.2.7 *furring*, *n*—spacer strips fastened to a wall, ceiling, or planar element that create an even surface for the application of metal plaster bases or gypsum lath.

3.2.8 *primary members, n*—the members (main runners or structural supports) to which the cross furring is attached.

3.2.9 *metal plaster bases, n*—expanded metal lath, sheet metal lath, welded or woven wire lath.

3.2.10 *face side (gypsum lath), n*—the side opposite the paper cover seam laps.

3.2.11 *surface transition, n*—the change in width of a surface, usually as a result of penetrations (doors, windows) or architectural demands.

## 4. Delivery of Materials

4.1 All materials shall be delivered in the original packages, containers, or bundles bearing the brand name and manufacturer's (or supplier's) identification.

#### 5. Storage of Materials

5.1 All materials shall be kept dry, preferably by being stored inside. Where necessary to be stored outside, materials shall be stacked off the ground, supported on a level platform, and protected from the weather and surface contamination.

5.2 Materials shall be neatly stacked flat with care taken to avoid damage to edges, ends, or surfaces.

#### 6. Materials

6.1 Wire Specification A641/A641M, Class 1 coating (gal-vanized) soft temper.

6.1.1 *Tie Wire and Hanger Wire*—Zinc-coated (galvanized) soft-annealed steel, or a material having equivalent size, corrosion resistance and strength. Wire diameters (uncoated) specified herein correspond with United States steel wire gauge numbers as follows:

Diameter, in. <sup>A</sup>	(Diameter, mm)	Wire Gauge (U.S. Steel Wire Gauge)	
0.0348	(0.88)	No. 20	
0.0410	(1.04)	No. 19	
0.0475	(1.21)	No. 18	
0.0540	(1.37)	No. 17	
0.0625	(1.59)	No. 16	
0.0800	(2.03)	No. 14	
0.0915	(2.32)	No. 13	
0.1055	(2.68)	No. 12	
0.1205	(3.06)	No. 11	
0.1350	(3.43)	No. 10	
0.1483	(3.77)	No. 9	
0.1620	(4.11)	No. 8	

<sup>A</sup> Allowable variations in diameter shall be in accordance with tolerances as established in A641/A641M.

6.2 Gypsum Board—Specification C1396.

6.3 Expanded Metal Lath—Specification C847.

6.4 Wire Lath:

6.4.1 Welded Wire Lath, Specification C933.

6.4.2 Woven Wire Lath, Specification C1032.

6.5 Fasteners:

6.5.1 *Nails for Attaching Gypsum Lath*—Specification C514. Nail size shall be in accordance with Table 1.

6.5.2 *Nails for Attaching Metal Plaster Base*—Galvanized roofing nails or common nails. length shall be as specified in Section 7.

6.5.3 Screws—Specifications C954 or C1002.

6.5.3.1 Screws for attaching gypsum lath shall be sized in accordance with Table 1.

6.5.3.2 Screws for attaching metal plaster base shall have a  $\frac{7}{16}$  in. (11.1 mm) diameter pan washer head and a 0.120 in. (3.0 mm) diameter shank. The length shall be sufficient enough to allow for the threaded portion of the screw to project not less than  $\frac{3}{8}$  in. (9.5 mm) through steel framing when the lath is installed.

6.5.4 *Staples*—Staples for attaching gypsum lath shall conform to the requirements of Table 1.

6.5.4.1 Staples for attaching metal plaster base shall be 0.062 in. (1.6 mm) diameter, round or flattened steel wire with  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. (19.0 mm) crown. Lengths shall be as specified for individual systems.

6.6 *Paper or Other Backing*—When used on metal plaster bases, over solid backing, backing shall be securely held in place by, or attached to the metal plaster base. Metal plaster base shall allow for  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. (6.4 mm) self furring. The backing shall permit embedment of plaster.

6.7 Accessories—Shall be steel, coated, with a protective rust inhibitive coating after fabrication, or fabricated from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM), 800 Roosevelt Road, Bldg. C, Suite 312, Glen Ellyn, IL 60137, http://www.naamm.org.

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 TABLE 1 Screws, Nails and Staples<sup>A,B</sup> for Attaching Gypsum Lath to Horizontal and Vertical Wood Supports

Maximum Spacing, in. (mm)			Minimum Gauge Requirements, in. (mm)					
Width of Lath	Thickness of Lath	Distance Between Supports	Number of Attachments per Bearing	Approximate Spacing <i>c</i> to <i>c</i> of Attachments	Length of Leg	Depth of Support Penetration	Diameter of Flat Head or Blued Nails or Crown Width of Staples <sup>A</sup>	Gauge of Shank of Nails or Staples <sup>A</sup>
16 (406)	³∕8 (9.5)	16 (406)	4	5 (127)	11⁄8 (28.6) 1 (25.4) <sup>A</sup>	<sup>3</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> (19) <sup>5</sup> ⁄ <sub>8</sub> (15.9) <sup>A</sup>	<sup>19</sup> ⁄64 (7.5) <sup>7</sup> ⁄16 (11) <sup>A</sup>	13 16 <sup>4</sup>
24 (610)	³⁄8 (9.5)	16 (406)	6	4½ (114)	11⁄8 (28.6) 1 (25.4) <sup>A</sup>	<sup>3</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> (19) 5⁄ <sub>8</sub> (15.9) <sup>A</sup>	<sup>19</sup> ⁄64 (7.5) <sup>7</sup> ⁄16 (11) <sup>A</sup>	13 16 <sup>4</sup>
16 (406)	1⁄2 (12.7)	24 (610)	4	5 (127)	1¼ (32) 1¼ (28.6) <sup>A</sup>	<sup>3</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> (19) 5⁄8 (15.9) <sup>A</sup>	<sup>19</sup> ⁄64 (7.5) <sup>7</sup> ⁄16 (11) <sup>A</sup>	13 16 <sup>4</sup>
24 (610)	1⁄2 (12.7)	24 (610)	6	4½ (114)	1¼ (32) 1¼ (28.6) <sup>A</sup>	<sup>3</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> (19) 5⁄8 (15.9) <sup>A</sup>	<sup>19</sup> ⁄64 (7.5) <sup>7</sup> ⁄16 (11) <sup>A</sup>	13 (330) 16 <sup>A</sup>
48 (1219)	¾ (9.5) ½ (12.7)	16 (406) 24 (610)	8	41⁄2 (114)	11/8 (28.6) 1 (25.4) <sup>A</sup> 11/4 (32) 11/8 (28.6) <sup>A</sup>	<sup>3</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> (19) 5⁄ <sub>8</sub> (15.9) <sup>A</sup> <sup>3</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> (19) 5⁄ <sub>8</sub> (15.9) <sup>A</sup>		

A Galvanized staples.

<sup>B</sup> Screws for attaching gypsum lath to wood supports shall be Type W as described in Specification C1002.

zinc-coated (galvanized) steel, aluminum, zinc alloy, or high impact plastic. Plastic accessories shall be manufactured in accordance with Specification D1784 or D3678. Aluminum accessories shall be clear plastic coated. All accessories shall have perforated or expanded flanges or clips shaped so as to permit complete imbedment in the plaster, to provide means for secure alignment, and to secure attachment of the accessory to the underlying surface. Accessories shall be designed for the intended use and to receive or to permit application of the specified plaster thickness.

6.7.1 Thickness of base material for accessories shall be not less than as shown in the following:

Base Material (mm)	Thickness of Base Material, in.
Uncoated steel/zinc	0.014 (0.36)
PVC	0.030 (0.76)
Aluminum	0.050 (1.27)

6.7.2 *Control Joints*—Shall be formed by using a single prefabricated member or fabricated by installing casing beads back to back with a flexible barrier membrane behind casing beads. The separation spacing shall be not less than  $\frac{1}{8}$  in. (3.2 mm) or as required by the anticipated thermal exposure range.

6.7.3 *Cornerite*—shall be not less than 1.75 lb/yd<sup>2</sup> (0.85 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) expanded metal lath, galvanized, or given a protective coating of rust inhibitive paint after fabrication, or woven or welded fabric not less than 0.041 in. (1.04 mm) thick an weighing not less than 1.75 lb/yd<sup>2</sup> (0.85 kg/m<sup>2</sup>), fabricated from galvanized wire. When shaped for angle reinforcing, cornerite shall have outstanding legs of not less than 2 in. (50.8 mm).

6.7.4 *Channels*—Shall be cold-rolled steel, free of rust with a coating of rust inhibitive paint or galvanized. Channels used in areas subject to corrosive action of salt air or other corrosive environments, shall be hot-dip galvanized. Weight of the channel shall be not less than as shown in the following:

Size		Weight		
in.	(mm)	lb/1000 lf	(kg/m)	
-				

3/4	(19)	277	(0.412)
11/2	(38)	414	(0.616)
2	(50)	506	(0.753)
21/2	(64)	597	(0.888)

6.7.5 Rod and flat (strap) hangers shall be mild steel, zinc coated or protected with a rust-inhibiting paint.

6.7.6 *Clips*—Devices for attaching framing members to supports or to each other; for attaching lath to framing members; or for securing lath to lath, shall be formed of zinc-coated (galvanized) steel wire or sheet, and of sufficient size and strength to support the intended load

6.7.7 *Striplath*—Shall be not less than 1.75  $lb/yd^2$  (0.85 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) expanded metal lath, or woven or welded fabric of not less than 0.041 in. (1.04 mm) thick weighing not less than 1.75  $lb/yd^2$  (0.85 kg/m<sup>2</sup>) fabricated from galvanized steel.

# 7. Installation

7.1 General Requirements for Application of Lath and Accessories:

7.1.1 Lath shall be installed with the long dimension at right angles to supports, unless otherwise specified.

7.1.2 Corner beads shall be installed to protect all external corners and to establish grounds. Corner beads shall be attached to the substrate in such a manner as to ensure proper alignment during application of plaster.

7.1.3 Metal accessories shall be installed so that flanges and clips provided for their attachment are covered by the base coat plaster.

7.1.4 Control Joints—Shall be installed in ceilings greater than 2500 ft<sup>2</sup> (232 m<sup>2</sup>) in area and in partition, wall, and wall furring runs greater than 30 ft (9 m) in length. The distance between ceiling control joints shall not be more than 50 ft (15 m) in either direction. A control joint shall be installed where the ceiling framing or furring changes direction. The distance between control joints in walls or wall furring shall be not more than 30 ft (9 m). A control joint shall be installed where an expansion joint occurs in the base exterior wall or